

UNIT – 3

Management and Control of Companies

Board of Directors • Appointment • Powers • Meetings • Oppression • CSR

Company Law – Course I

Unit Overview

This unit deals with the management and control of companies – composition and powers of the Board of Directors, appointment, qualification, duties and removal of directors, distribution of powers between Board and general meeting, company meetings and resolutions, prevention of oppression and mismanagement, and Corporate Social Responsibility.

What You Will Learn

01 Board

Explain powers and functions of the Board of Directors

02 Directors

State rules of appointment, qualification, duties and removal

03 Meetings

Describe kinds of meetings and procedure

04 Resolutions

Distinguish ordinary, special and board resolutions

05 Oppression

Understand prevention of oppression and mismanagement

06 CSR

Explain Corporate Social Responsibility provisions

BOARD

Board of Directors – Powers and Functions

Collective Body

Board is the collective decision-making body of the company

Powers

General powers of management subject to the Act, MOA, AOA and resolutions of members

Distribution

Certain powers are reserved for shareholders in general meeting

Fiduciary

Directors must act in good faith for the benefit of the company

APPOINTMENT

Appointment of Directors

First Directors

Named in AOA or appointed by subscribers

Subsequent

Elected by shareholders in general meeting

Additional / Alternate / Nominee

Appointed as per provisions of the Act and AOA

Independent Directors

Required for listed and certain public companies

Women Director

Mandatory for prescribed class of companies

QUALIFICATION

Qualification, Position and Types of Directors

Qualification

No share qualification required under the Act unless AOA provides

DIN

Director Identification Number is mandatory

Types

Executive, Non-executive, Independent, Nominee, Additional, Alternate, Women Director

Position

Directors are officers of the company; stand in fiduciary relationship

DUTIES

Powers, Duties and Remuneration of Directors

Duties	Act in good faith, exercise due care and skill, avoid conflict of interest, not to make secret profits
Statutory Duties	Under Sections 166 and other provisions of the Act
Remuneration	Governed by Section 197 and Schedule V; subject to limits and approval
Disclosure	Interest in contracts must be disclosed

REMOVAL

Removal of Directors

By Shareholders

Ordinary resolution after special notice (Section 169)

By Tribunal

In case of oppression or mismanagement

Disqualification

Automatic vacation on certain grounds (Section 167)

Resignation

Director may resign by giving notice

MEETINGS 1

Meetings of Board and Committees

Board Meetings

Minimum number prescribed; notice, quorum, minutes mandatory

Committee Meetings

Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, etc.

Resolution by Circulation

Permitted for certain matters

MEETINGS 2

General Meetings – Kinds and Procedure

AGM	Annual General Meeting – mandatory for every company (except OPC)
EGM	Extraordinary General Meeting – for urgent business
Class Meetings	Meetings of a particular class of shareholders
Procedure	Notice, quorum, chairman, proxy, voting, minutes

RESOLUTIONS

Resolutions

Ordinary Resolution

Simple majority of members present and voting

Special Resolution

At least 75% majority; required for important matters

Board Resolution

Passed at Board meeting or by circulation

Resolution Requiring Special Notice

Certain matters require special notice

OPPRESSION

Prevention of Oppression and Mismanagement

Section 241

Application to Tribunal for relief in cases of oppression or mismanagement

Oppression

Conduct that is burdensome, harsh and wrongful to minority

Mismanagement

Conduct prejudicial to the interest of the company or public interest

Reliefs

Wide powers to Tribunal including regulation of conduct, purchase of shares, etc.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Applicability

Companies meeting net worth / turnover / profit thresholds

Obligation

Spend at least 2% of average net profits of last three years on CSR activities

Activities

Listed in Schedule VII – education, health, environment, etc.

Committee

CSR Committee to formulate and monitor policy

Disclosure

Mandatory reporting in Board's report

SUMMARY POINTS

Must-Remember Points

- Board of Directors is the central management body; directors owe fiduciary duties.
- Appointment, qualification, remuneration and removal are governed by detailed statutory provisions.
- Company meetings (Board, AGM, EGM) and resolutions are the instruments of decision-making.
- Sections 241–242 provide relief against oppression and mismanagement.
- CSR is a mandatory obligation for prescribed companies under the 2013 Act.